Submarine hanger areas have actuated parts, doors, hatches, etc., that must be adequately lubricated to function correctly and extend service life. Dry deck shelter hatches need lubrication on all internal gears and locking ring threads. Texas Research Institute Austin, Inc. (TRI Austin) has developed an innovative grease approach utilizing fluorohydrocarbon base oil in conjunction with a thixotropic filler and various anti-corrosion additives.

This diver-safe optimized formulation has performed very well in both field and lab testing. It is resistant to water washout, prevents corrosion both actively and passively, and has passed the NAVSEA P-9290 certification for off-gassing of volatile compounds. The new grease can be applied by hand, grease gun, or via grease lines. Reduced costs will be realized with the new grease through improved durability, reduced need for component repair, and minimal application time.

	STANDARD TEST METHOD	TEST	PURPOSE OF TEST	TEST RESULTS	
_	ASTM-D-1403	Small Scale Cone Penetration	¼ Scale Penetration, Unworked and Worked	Unworked – 244 Worked – 254	
	ASTM-D-2595	Evaporation Loss @ 22 hours	Measurement of permanence	0.70%	(3
	ASTM-D-942	Pressure Vessel Oxidation (a) 100 hours	Measure the net change in pressure resulting from consumption of oxygen by oxidation and gain in pressure due to formation of volatile oxidation by-products	2.0 psi drop	STING
	ASTM-D-2266	Four Ball Wear of Grease	Used to determine the relative wear preventing properties of greases under the test conditions	0.56 mm	当上フ
	ASTM-D-2596	Load Wear Index of Grease	Determination of the load-carrying properties of lubricating greases.	95.71	TIO
	ASTM-D-1478	Low Temperature Torque	Determination of the starting and running torques at low temperatures (below -20°C (0°F)).	Starting Torque 9024 g-cm 1 Hr Running Torque 732 g-cm	FICA
	FTM-5309	Copper Corrosion of Grease	Detection of Copper Corrosion from Petroleum Products by the Copper Strip Tarnish Test	Exposed 3B Immersed 4A	JALII
	FTM-321	Oil Separation	Wire Cone Method	4.21%	5
	FTM-5415	Resistance of Grease to Aqueous Solutions	1 week exposed to water and water/ethanol	0% disintegration	N
	FTM-3005	Dirt Count of Greases	The number of foreign particles between 25 and 75 microns per milliliter of sample, and particles greater than 75 microns per milliliter of sample.	25 - 74 μ – 38/cc +75 μ – 0/cc	NO
	ASTM G72	Autogenous Ignition Temperature in Oxygen- Enriched Environment	To establish the average autogenous ignition temperature (AIT) in a $99.5\%\ mol\ O2\ environment.$	247oC +/- 4oC	ICAT
	ASTM D4809	Heat of Combustion of Liquid Hydrocarbon Fuels by Bomb Calorimeter	To establish the average heat of combustion in a sealed enironment with an ignition source.	2,003 +/- 9cal/g	MATERIAL SPECIFICATION AND QUALIFICATION TESTING
	ASTM D2515	Test Material with Liquid Oxygen Impact Sensativity Threshold (Pass-Fail Techniques)	To establish the the liquid oxygen (LOX) impact senativity to material degradation over 20 test runs.	Passed all 20 test runs with no LOX reactivity	RIAL S
	ASTM G74	Test Material for Ignition Sensativity of Nonmetallic Materials and Components by Gaseous Fluid Impact	To establish the material's 50% reaction pressure for gaseous fluid impact sensativity (GFIS) over a varying range of pressures (290psig-1450psig).	50% reaction pressure is 635 psig	MATE
	ASTM G125	Test Material for Measuring	To establish the minimum percent O2 index (OI)	No Burn Threshold	

threshold for the material to ignite with a secondary

source and burn.



TRI Marine Grease®

A Product of TRI Austin

- Resistant to washout
- Prevents corrosion
- Non off-gassing
- Improved durability
- Reduces repair costs
- Reduced application times





tri-austin.com

TO LEARN IF TRI MARINE **GREASE® CAN HELP YOU WITH** YOUR APPLICATION, CONTACT:

VINCE NEWTON **DIR. SALES AND MARKETING** 703.944.4763 vnewton@tri-austin.com



Liquid and Solid Material Fire

Limits in Gaseous Oxidants

is 37% O2